

Panasonic®



PERSONAL MUSIC PA SYSTEM

SY-PA100



Before connecting, operating or adjusting this product, please read these instructions completely. Please keep this manual for future reference.

COMPACT
disc
DIGITAL AUDIO

	<p>CAUTION RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK DO NOT OPEN</p>	
<p>CAUTION</p>	<p>TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT REMOVE SCREWS NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL</p>	



The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol, within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons



The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance

BEFORE YOU PLAY, PLEASE READ THE CAUTIONARY COPY APPEARING ON PAGE 5

CAUTION:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment would void the user's authority to operate this device.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

CAUTION!

THIS PRODUCT UTILIZES A LASER. USE OF CONTROLS OR ADJUSTMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF PROCEDURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED HEREIN MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS RADIATION EXPOSURE.

DO NOT OPEN COVERS AND DO NOT REPAIR YOURSELF. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

WARNING:

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK OR PRODUCT DAMAGE, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS APPARATUS TO RAIN, MOISTURE, DRIPPING OR SPLASHING AND THAT NO OBJECTS FILLED WITH LIQUIDS, SUCH AS VASES, SHALL BE PLACED ON THE APPARATUS.

The model number and serial number are found underneath the keyboard.

Please note the model and serial numbers in the space provided below and retain this sheet as a permanent record of your purchase to aid identification in the event of theft.

MODEL NUMBER _____

SERIAL NUMBER _____

Dear customer

Thank you for purchasing this product
For optimum performance and safety, please read
these instructions carefully

Maintenance

The following suggestions will assist you in keeping the unit in top condition

- Be sure to switch the instrument off after use, and do not switch the unit on and off in quick succession, as this places an undue load on the electronic components
- To keep the luster of the surface and buttons, simply use a clean, damp cloth, polish with a soft, dry cloth. Polish may be used but do not use thinners or petro-chemical-based polishes
- A wax-based polish may be used on the cabinet, although you will find that rubbing with a soft cloth will suffice

■ Supplied accessory

Please check the supplied accessory



AC cord

Note The included AC cord is for use with this unit only. Do not use it with other equipment.

Table of contents

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	5
Getting started	6
About the input terminals	7
Controls and functions	8
Playing a CD	10
Adjust the guitar sound quality	12
Play a guitar in time with the rhythm	12
About the chord sequence	14
Edit the chord progression	15
Tuning the guitar	18
Symptoms which appear to be signs of trouble	20
Internal Sound list	21
MIDI Implementation Chart	22
Specifications	23

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Read these operating instructions carefully before using the unit. Follow the safety instructions on the unit and the safety precautions listed below. Keep these operating instructions handy for future reference.

Safety

- 1 Power Source**—Connect the unit to a power source of the type described in these instructions or as marked on the unit.
- 2 Polarization**—The unit is equipped with a polarized power plug where one blade is wider than the other. This safety feature ensures that the plug fits into your household AC outlet only one way. If the plug doesn't fit one way, try reversing it. If the plug still doesn't fit, contact an electrician to replace the obsolete outlet. Do not attempt to defeat the safety purpose of the plug.
- 3 Power Cord protection**—Route the AC power supply cord so that it will not be walked on or pinched by items placed on or against it. Never take hold of the plug or cord with wet hands. Always grasp the plug body firmly when connecting and disconnecting it.
- 4 Overloading**—When connecting the AC power supply cord, be careful not to overload the household AC outlet, extension cord, or outlet from any other device as this can result in fire or electric shock.
- 5 Nonuse periods**—Turn the unit off when it is not in use. Unplug the unit from the household AC outlet if it is not to be used for a long time. Unplug the unit during lightning storms.
- 6 Attachments and accessories**—Use only the attachments and accessories recommended in these operating instructions.

- 6. Carts and stands**—Use the unit only with carts and stands recommended by the manufacturer. Move carts with care. Sudden stops, excessive force, and uneven surfaces can cause carts to overturn.



- 7 Wall and ceiling mounting**—Do not mount the unit on walls or ceilings unless specified in the instructions.

Environment

- 1 Water and moisture**—Do not use the unit near water, such as near a bathtub or swimming pool. Avoid damp basements.
- 2 Heat**—Situate the unit away from heat sources, such as radiators. Do not situate where temperatures fall below 5°C (41°F) or rise above 35°C (95°F).

Maintenance

(See page 4 for details.)

Unplug the unit from the household AC outlet before cleaning.

Clean with a damp cloth.

Do not use abrasive pads, scouring powders, or solvents.

Installation

Placement

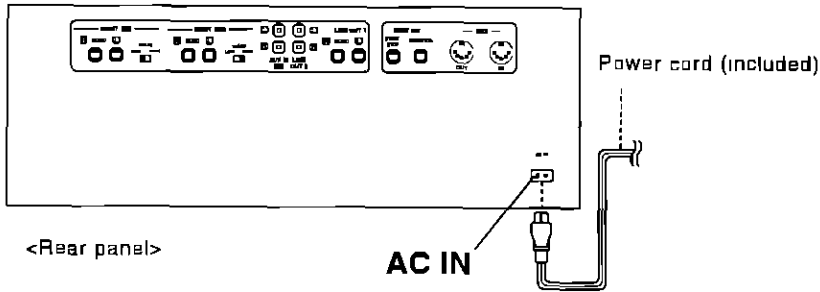
- 1 Ventilation**—Situate the unit so that it receives proper ventilation. Do not install in a confined space such as a bookcase or cabinet. Allow at least 10 cm (4 inches) clearance from the rear of the unit. To prevent the risk of electric shock or fire due to overheating, ensure curtains and other materials do not obstruct the unit's ventilation.
- 2 Foreign material**—Ensure objects and liquids do not get into the unit. Avoid exposing the unit to excessive smoke, dust, mechanical vibration, and shock.
- 3 Magnetism**—Situate the unit away from equipment and devices that generate strong magnetic fields.
- 4 Stacking**—Do not place heavy objects on top of this unit.
- 5 Surface**—Place the unit on a flat, level surface.

Service

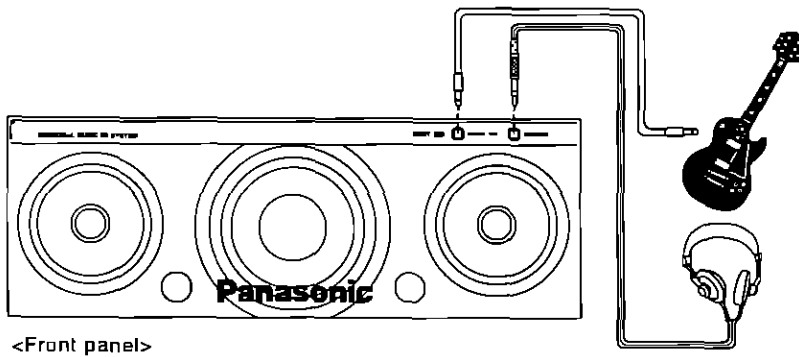
- 1 Damage Requiring Service**—The unit should be serviced by qualified service personnel if:
 - (a) The AC power supply cord or the plug has been damaged, or
 - (b) Objects or liquids have gotten into the unit, or
 - (c) The unit has been exposed to rain, or
 - (d) The unit does not operate normally or exhibits a marked change in performance, or
 - (e) The unit has been dropped or the cabinet damaged.
- 2 Servicing**—Do not attempt to service the unit beyond that described in these operating instructions. Refer all other servicing to authorized servicing personnel.
- 3 Replacement parts**—When parts need replacing, ensure the servicer uses parts specified by the manufacturer or parts that have the same characteristics as the original parts. Unauthorized substitutes may result in fire, electric shock, or other hazards.
- 4 Safety check**—After repairs or service, ask the servicer to perform safety checks to confirm that the unit is in proper working condition.

Getting started

1 Plug the power cord into an outlet

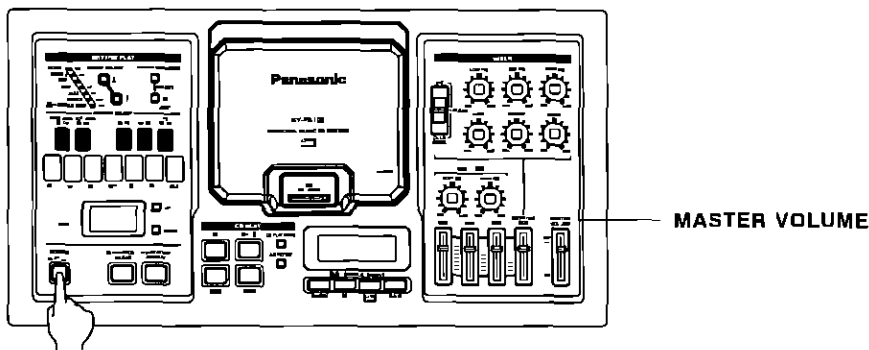


2 Connect a guitar to the INPUT [4] GUITAR/MIC terminal



• You can also connect headphones to the **PHONES** terminal

3 Set the **MASTER VOLUME** to the **MIN** position, and then press the **POWER** button to turn it on



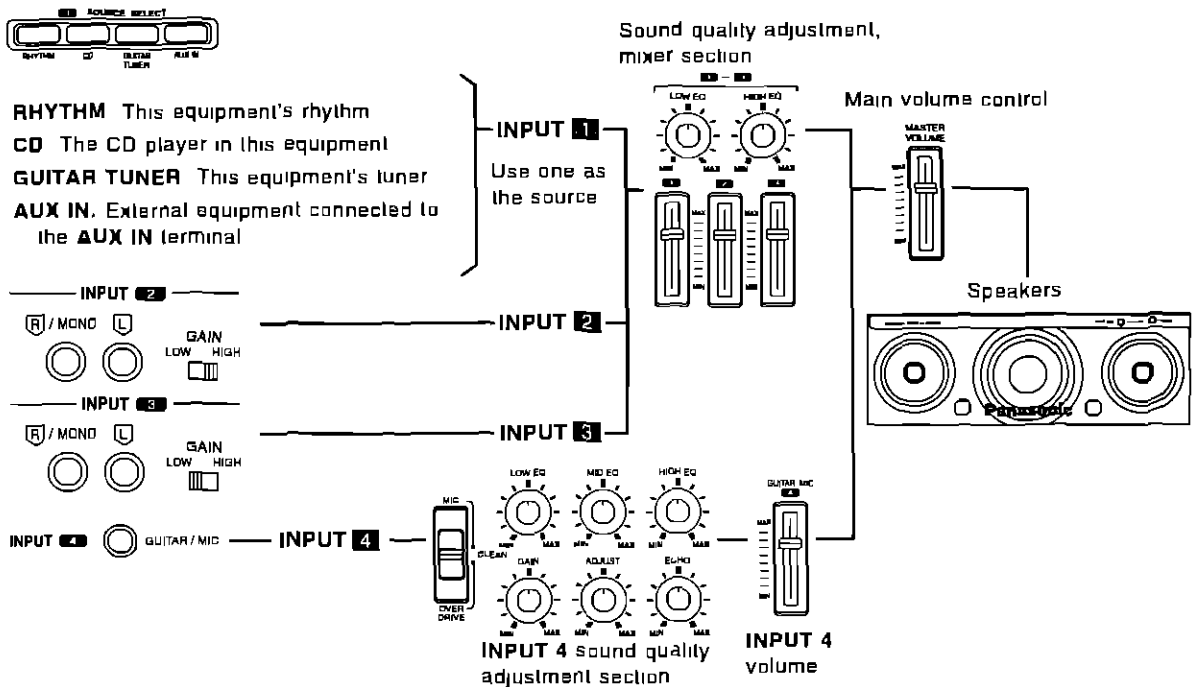
NOTE

• For adjusting the guitar sounds, refer to page 12

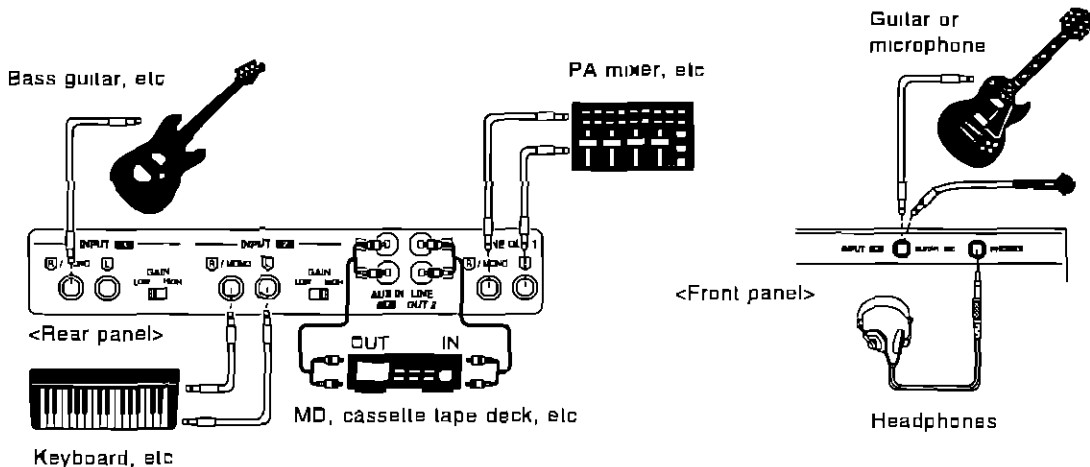
About the input terminals

This device has 4 input channels, INPUT [1] to [4], which can be mixed and output as a mixed signal

Input/output diagram (overview)

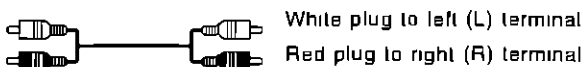


Connection example



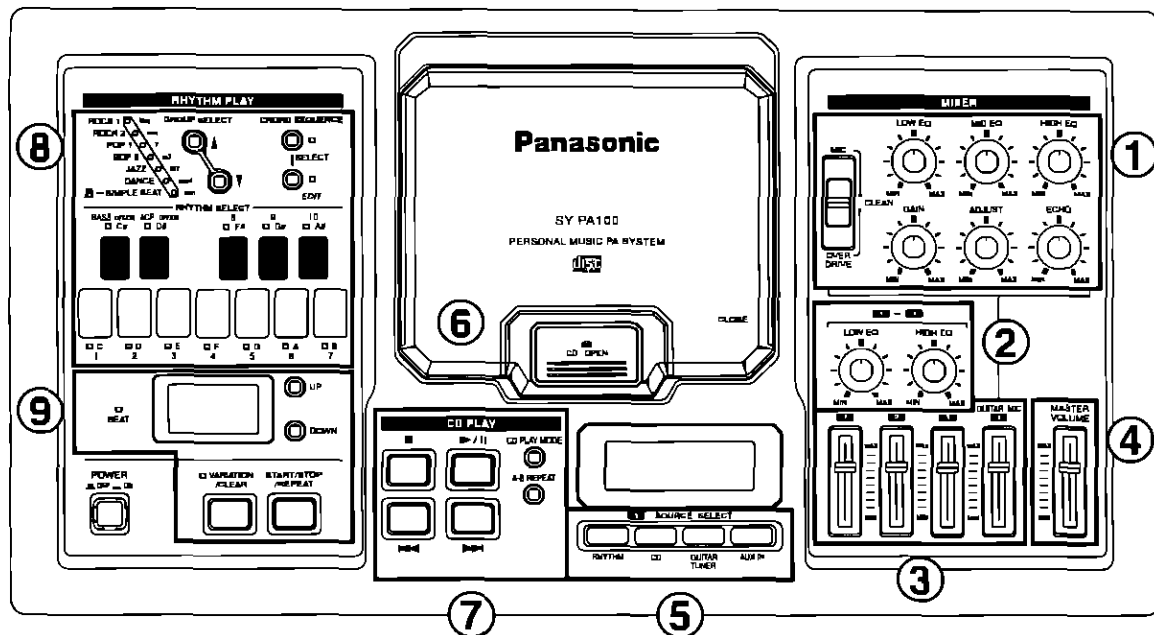
- ⇒ Connect all cords (sold separately) between the PA100 and each input source device
- Be sure that the power to all equipment is turned off when connecting equipment

Stereo pin cord (sold separately) connection



Controls and functions

Operation panel



MIXER section

- (1) **INPUT 4 sound quality adjustment section**
Adjust the sound quality of the guitar or microphone connected to the **INPUT 4 GUITAR/MIC** terminal (Refer to page 12)
- (2) **INPUT 1 to 3 sound quality section**
Adjust the total sound quality from **INPUT 1, 2 and 3**
- (3) **Volume mixer section**
Adjust the volume from **INPUT 1 to 4**
- (4) **MASTER VOLUME**
Adjust the total volume of the **PA100**
- (5) **[1] SOURCE SELECT**
Select an input source for **INPUT 1**

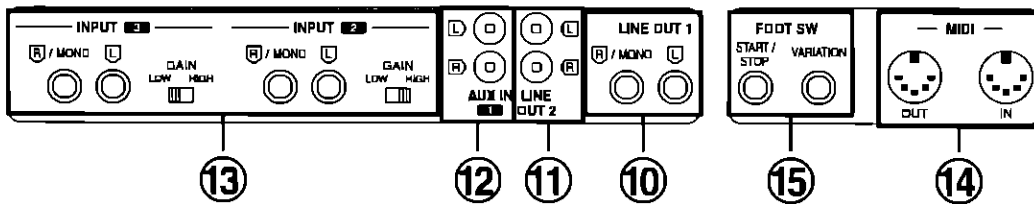
CD PLAY section

- (6) **CD cover**
Open the cover to position a CD in the player
- (7) **CD operating section**
Play a CD (Refer to page 10)

RHYTHM PLAY section

- (8) **Rhythm select section**
Select a rhythm and chord progression (Refer to pages 12 to 17)
- (9) **Rhythm operation section**
Start and stop the rhythm, and adjust the tempo (Refer to page 13)

Rear panel



(10) LINE OUT 1 (stereo/monaural M6)

Output the sound from the **PA100** (The sound from this terminal is not affected by the **MASTER VOLUME** setting)

- To output monaural sound, connect to the **R/MONO** terminal, do not connect anything to the **L** terminal in this case

(11) LINE OUT 2 (stereo RCA pin plug)

Output the sound from the **PA100** (The sound from this terminal is not affected by the **MASTER VOLUME** setting)

(12) AUX IN 1 (stereo RCA pin plug)

Input stereo sound from external equipment

(13) INPUT 2, INPUT 3 (stereo/monaural M6)

Input sound from external equipment

- Use the **LOW/HIGH** switch to select the gain appropriate for the input source
- To input monaural sound, connect to the **R/MONO** terminal, do not connect anything to the **L** terminal in this case

(14) MIDI

IN The terminal to receive MIDI data

OUT The terminal to transmit MIDI data

- Use a commercially sold MIDI cable for these connections
- For MIDI operation, refer to page 18

(15) FOOT SW

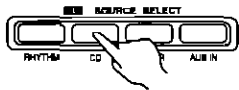
When a separately sold Foot Switch (**SZ-P1**) is connected, the **VARIATION** on/off and **START/STOP** can be controlled with your foot (Refer to page 13)

Playing a CD

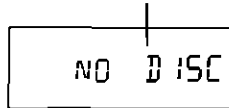
You can play and listen to a CD on the **PA100**. When playing back a CD, your guitar, etc. performance can be mixed with the CD playback.

Playing a CD

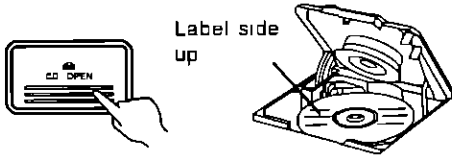
- 1 In the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section, press the **CD** button to turn it on.



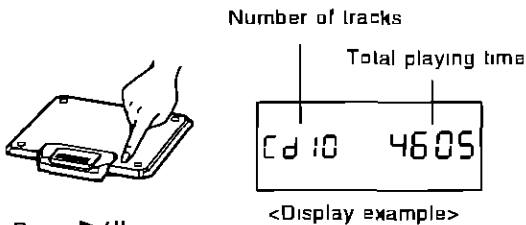
Indicates that no CD is inserted



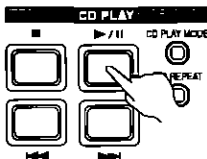
- 2 Open the CD cover, and insert a CD.



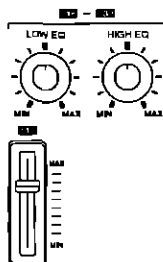
- 3 Close the CD cover.



- 4 Press **▶/||**.



- Playback begins. After the last track has been played, playback stops.
- Adjust the volume with [1]. Adjust the sound quality with [1] to [3] **EQ (LOW, HIGH)**.



- To adjust the total volume, use the **MASTER VOLUME** control.

To stop playback

Press **■**.

To skip a track

Press the **▶▶** (next) or **◀◀** (previous) button the number of times necessary to skip to the desired track.

Fast forward, fast backtrack (search)

Press and hold **▶▶** (fast forward) or **◀◀** (rewind) during playback or pause.

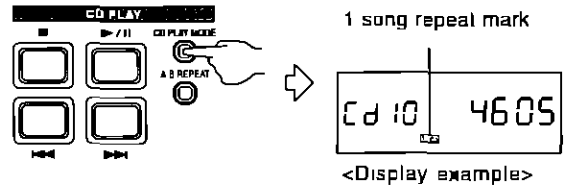
Pause

Press **▶/||** during playback. Press again to resume playback from the same point.

1 song repeat

- 1 Select the song for repeat playback.

- 2 Press the **CD PLAY MODE** button to display the 1 song repeat mark.

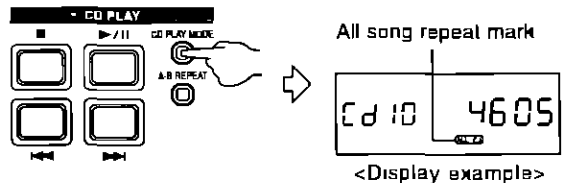


- 3 If it is during play stop, press the **▶/||** button.

- The selected song is played back repeatedly.

All songs repeat

- 1 Press the **CD PLAY MODE** button to display the all song repeat mark.

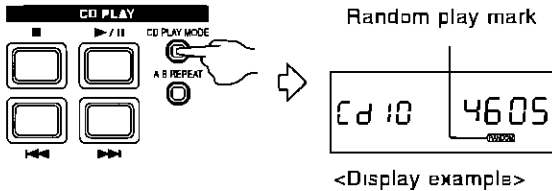


- 2 If it is during play stop, press the **▶/||** button.

- All the CD tracks are played back repeatedly.

Random play

1 Press the **CD PLAY MODE** button to display the random play mark



2 Press the **▶/||** button

- All the CD songs are played in random order, after which playback stops

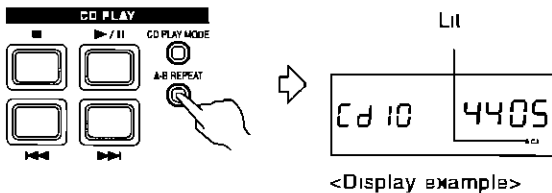
■ To exit all modes

- ⇒ Press the **CD PLAY MODE** button several times until all of the playback mode indicators are canceled
- Each time the button is pressed, the indication changes in the following order (loop) 1 song repeat → all songs repeat → random play → cancel

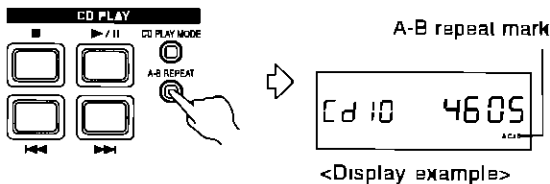
A-B repeat

You can specify a particular portion of the CD to play back repeatedly. This feature is convenient, for example, when you want to copy phrases

1 During CD playback, press the **A-B REPEAT** button at the point you wish repeat play to begin (point A)



2 Press the **A-B REPEAT** button again at the point you wish repeat play to end (point B)



To cancel

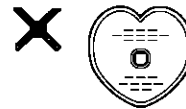
- ⇒ Press the **A-B REPEAT** button to cancel the AB repeat mark
- The repeat mode is also canceled in the following cases
 - When **■** is pressed
 - When **▶▶** or **◀◀** is pressed

About the CD

Use a CD which has this mark



- Please do not use a CD with a heart or other special mark, as doing so may result in damage



- Do not insert more than one CD at a time
- Be sure to remove the CD from the tray before moving or tilting the instrument
- **To avoid injuring your CD, as well as damaging your instrument, please heed the following points**
 - Do not use a pencil or ball point pen to write on the CD
 - Do not wipe with record cleaner, thinner, benzene or alcohol. If soiled, use a clean damp cloth to wipe it clean, and polish it with a soft, dry cloth
 - Do not affix paper or stickers (decals) (Do not use a CD from which cellophane tape or a glue-backed label has been peeled off, as the residual glue may result in damage)

NOTES

This device can play back music CD-R and CD-RW which are recorded in the CD-DA format, and which were finalized* when recording was completed. However, it may not be possible to play back some disks, depending on the recording condition.

* A process that enables a CD-R/CD-RW for music to be played back on playback equipment.

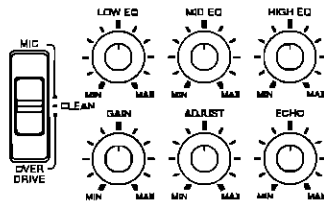
- To avoid scratching the CD surface, do not open the CD cover during a performance
- The playback mode, A-B repeat etc setting contents are lost whenever the CD cover is opened or the power switch is turned off
- The skip-to-previous function does not work during random playback. In addition, during playback of the last track, the skip-to-next function does not work
- A-B repeat does not work during random playback
- If the **A-B REPEAT** button is pressed during 1 song/all songs repeat play, the mode changes to A-B repeat, and if you then cancel A-B repeat, the mode returns to the original repeat playback mode

Adjust the guitar sound quality

Adjust the sound quality of the guitar or microphone connected to the **INPUT 4 (GUITAR/MIC)** terminal

Change the input mode

⇒ Select the mode that is appropriate for the connected instrument



- MIC** Microphone or acoustic type guitar
- CLEAN** Electric guitar
- OVER DRIVE** To apply the **PA100** overdrive to the electric guitar
 - Use the **GAIN** and **ADJUST** controls to adjust the amount of effect

Adjust the sound quality

EQ Use the **LOW EQ**, **MID EQ**, **HIGH EQ** controls to adjust the sound in each sound range

ECHO The **ECHO** control is used to add an echo effect to the sound

Adjust the volume



- ⇒ Use the **4 (GUITAR/MIC)** control to adjust the volume
- To adjust the total volume, use the **MASTER VOLUME** control

NOTES

- When plugging in or unplugging the guitar or microphone, be sure to first set the **MASTER VOLUME** to the **MIN** position
- If the correct input mode is not selected, the special features of your **PA100** will not be optimally utilized
- If you wish to use a commercially sold effector to apply the **OVER DRIVE** effect, select the **CLEAN** input mode

Play a guitar in time with the rhythm

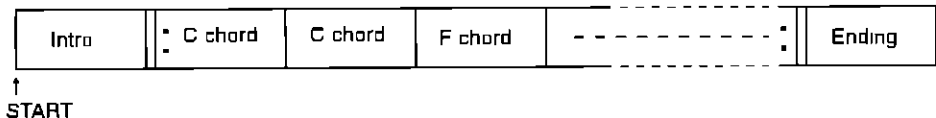
While playing the **PA100** rhythm section, and play a guitar or the like in time with the rhythm

About the rhythm

Seven rhythm groups are provided in the **PA100**, each group having 10 types of rhythm

The rhythm, in addition to the drums is comprised of the bass and accomp (accompaniment) parts. While the chords progress automatically in a sequenced progression, the song is played (except for rhythms in the **SIMPLE BEAT** group). It's easy to enjoy playing the guitar in a "session" with your **PA100**.

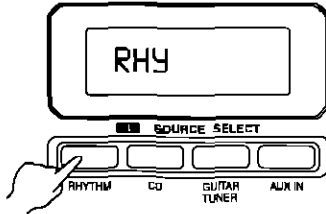
<Example>



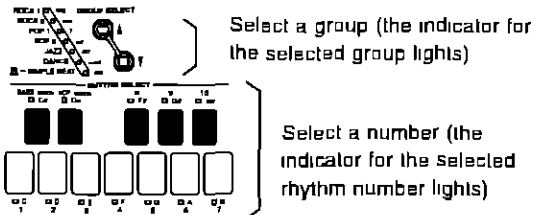
- Each rhythm includes an intro pattern and an ending pattern, which are played automatically
- The chord progressions can be modified, allowing you to create the perfect accompaniment for your performance (Refer to pages 15 to 17)

Playing the rhythm

- 1 In the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section, press the **RHYTHM** button to turn it on



- 2 Use the **GROUP SELECT** buttons to select a rhythm group, and **RHYTHM SELECT** buttons 1 to 10 to select a rhythm



- Refer to the separate **REFERENCE GUIDE** provided for a list of the rhythms
- The rhythms in the **SIMPLE BEAT** group are simple rhythms that do not include chord progressions

- 3 Press the **START/STOP** button

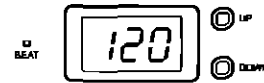


- After the intro pattern (except for **SIMPLE BEAT** rhythms) plays, the rhythm starts. Play the guitar in time with the rhythm
- The rhythm repeats continuously until you stop it (from immediately following the intro pattern, until immediately preceding the ending pattern)

■ To change the tempo

⇒ Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to adjust the tempo (J = 40 to 300)

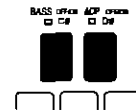
- The **BEAT** indicator blinks in time with the beat



- To reset the tempo to J = 120, press both buttons at the same time

■ To turn off the BASS and ACCOMP parts

⇒ You can turn off the **BASS OFF/ON** and **ACP OFF/ON** buttons, leaving only the drums part sounding (except for rhythms in the **SIMPLE BEAT** group)



■ To stop the rhythm

⇒ During the performance, press the **START/STOP** button. The indicated tempo setting flashes, and the current repeat changes to the ending pattern, after which the rhythm performance stops.

- If the **START/STOP** button is pressed again while the intro is playing or the tempo value is flashing, the rhythm stops immediately.
- When either the **BASS ON/OFF** or **ACP OFF/ON** is off, if the **START/STOP** button is pressed, the ending pattern begins in the measure immediately following.

Variation

A variation rhythm is provided for each rhythm, which you select by turning on the **VARIATION** button.



- If the **VARIATION** button is pressed during rhythm play, the variation rhythm may start from the following measure.
- During repeat play, if you turn the **VARIATION** button on while the tempo value is flashing, repeat play continues.

NOTE

- When the separately sold Foot Switch (**SZ-P1**) is connected, the **VARIATION** and **START/STOP** can be started with your foot. (Refer to page 9.)
- If using a commercially available foot switch, the foot switch function may be reversed. If this happens, with the foot switch connected but without pressing it, in the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section select a mode other than **RHYTHM**, and then turn on the **RHYTHM** again to correct the operation.
- If using a commercially sold foot switch other than the **SZ-P1**, plugging it in or unplugging it may cause the rhythm to start, etc. or otherwise malfunction.

About the chord sequence

Your **PA100** contains data for 50 types of chord progressions (chord sequences), one of which is assigned to each rhythm (except for rhythms in the **SIMPLE BEAT** group), creating a sequence of automatic chord changes. The chord sequence assigned to any rhythm can be changed, allowing you to try out different chord progressions for the same rhythm.

Modifying the chord sequence

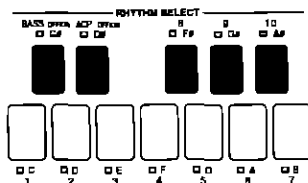
- 1 Select a rhythm (except for a rhythm in the **SIMPLE BEAT** group)
- 2 In the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section, press **SELECT** to turn it on



- 3 Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to select a chord sequence number (P 01 to P 50, U 01 to U 50)



- Chord sequences can be edited and stored in memories U 01 to U 50 (Refer to the following section)
- By pressing both the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons at the same time, you can switch between P (preset) and U (user) chord sequences
- The main chord of the chord sequence is denoted with the keyboard keys. If you wish to change the key (scale), specify it by turning on the corresponding keyboard key button. This procedure will transpose all the notes of each chord (Example: When the key is changed from C to F, the chords are transposed from C Am Dm G7 to F Dm Am C7)



- 4 Press the **START/STOP** button



- Rhythm playback begins in the altered chord progression

NOTES

- Information about the chord progression for each rhythm is shown in diagram form in the separate **REFERENCE GUIDE** provided (The chord names shown in the table have been changed to root note C or Am)
- Chord progression data is constructed based on a 4/4 time signature. Therefore, if you chose a 3-beat rhythm, the chords in the sequence progress differently from the chord progression diagram in the Reference Guide
- The set chord sequence, transposition status and tempo for each rhythm are stored and remain in the memory even when the power to the **PA100** is turned off. The settings stored for each rhythm can also be restored to the initial factory-preset status (Refer to page 20)

Edit the chord progression

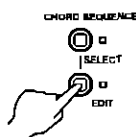
By editing a chord sequence, you can program the chord progression for the song you want to play or change a specific portion of a preset chord sequence. Up to 50 different edited chord progressions can be stored in the user memory area.

Input the chord progression for a song

Following a music score or the like, store the chords for the song you want to play.

1 Select a user memory number (U 01 to U 50) in which to store the chord progression. (Refer to page 14.)

2 In the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section, press the **EDIT** button to turn it on.



- The indicator flashes.
- The user memory number you selected in step 1 flashes.



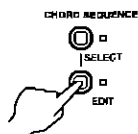
(Display example)

3 Press and hold the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** button until the "Clr" indication appears on the display.



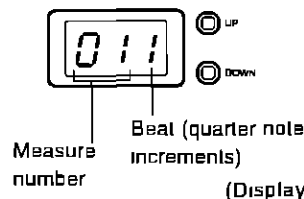
- The chord sequence that previously resided in the selected memory is erased, and a C chord is stored in the first measure. (If the data is played back at this point, a one-measure C chord is played back repeatedly.)

4 Press and hold the flashing **EDIT** button for a few seconds, until the indicator remains lit.



- If the **EDIT** button is pressed briefly at this time, the status returns to the chord sequence selection status.

5 Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to select the point in the sequence at which to record the chord.



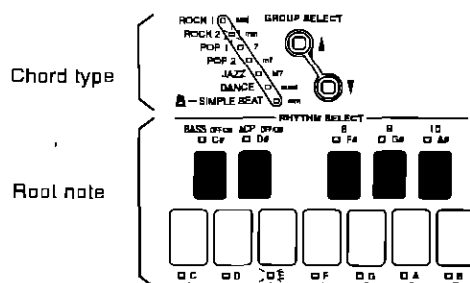
- "End" is shown at the end point of the song. During playback the sequence is repeated at that point.
- Immediately after the data was cleared (Clr), the End was set to follow the first measure (after 01 4). While the End indication appears, if the **UP** button is pressed, the End point is moved back. (If the **UP** button is kept depressed, the chord sequence is extended one measure at a time.)
- By pressing both the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons at the same time, the second half of the currently selected beat can be selected (eighth note increments).



(Display example)

- The name of the chord at the specified point is shown. When it is possible to delete the data at the specified point, the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** indicator is lit. In this case, pressing the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** button will delete the data at that point. If you wish to delete the data in the current measure and all measures following, press and hold this button until the "End" indication appears. (The data in the first measure cannot be deleted.)

6 Use the **GROUP SELECT** buttons and keyboard key buttons to store a new chord. (Example: Emin)



(Continued on the next page)

7 Repeat steps 5 and 6 to continue storing chords

- A chord remains effective until another chord is input at a subsequent point
- To store a rest (no chord specified), turn off all keyboard key buttons at that point

8 Store the main chord

- While the End indication appears, the chord stored at the beginning of the first measure is indicated by the keyboard key buttons. To specify a different chord as the key (scale) of the sequence, use the keyboard key buttons to select the note name for the key, and the **GROUP SELECT** buttons to select the type of key
- This procedure is only for specifying the main chord of the chord sequence, not to transpose the chord
- It is not possible to specify «no chord» here

9 Press the **EDIT** button

- The edited contents are stored, the indicator goes out and editing is concluded
- You can also conclude the editing procedure by pressing the **SELECT** button in the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section

Modify a portion of the chord sequence

You can modify specific portions of a preset chord sequence or a chord sequence previously stored

1 Select a chord sequence you wish to modify (Refer to page 14)

2 In the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section, press the **EDIT** button to turn it on

- The indicator flashes

3 Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to select a user memory in which to store your new chord progression (U 01 to U 50)

4 Press and hold the **EDIT** button for a few seconds, until the indicator remains lit

- The chord sequence used as the source is copied to the selected user memory in step 3
- If "FUL" appears on the display, erase a user memory that is not being used to free some of the memory for recording (Refer to page 15)

5 Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to select the point you wish to begin editing

- To move quickly to a specific measure, press and hold the **UP** or **DOWN** button continuously. While the button is depressed, only the measure number is shown in the display (3 digits)
- The name of the chord at the specified point is shown. When it is possible to delete the data at the specified point, the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** indicator is lit. In this case, pressing the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** button will delete the data at that point. If you wish to delete the data in the current measure and all measures following, press and hold this button until the "End" indication appears. (The data in the first measure cannot be deleted.)

6 Use the **GROUP SELECT** and the keyboard key buttons to store a new chord

7 Repeat steps 5 and 6 to continue storing chords as desired

- If you wish to change the main chord of the chord sequence, store the change at the end point ("End" indication)

8 When you have finished modifying the chord sequence, press the **EDIT** button to turn it off

- The edited contents are stored, the indicator goes out and editing is concluded
- You can also conclude the editing procedure by pressing the **SELECT** button in the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section

NOTES

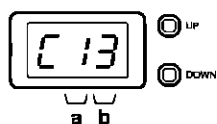
- In some cases, chords that are transposed may not be reproduced during playback
- The transposition status is shown in the chord indication during editing
- The edit display is based on a 4/4 time signature, so it is important to be careful when creating data for a 3-beat rhythm

Storing complex chords

The chords indicated on the panel are standard types of chords, but more complex chords and "on bass" (broken) chords, such as A/C, can also be stored

During chord sequence edit:

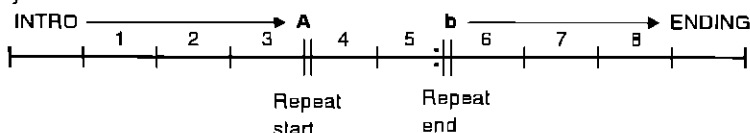
- 1 Select the point to store the chord
 - 2 Specify the root note of the chord on the keyboard
 - 3 Press two **GROUP SELECT** buttons at the same time
 - 4 Use the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons to select the numerical value of the chord (see below)
- When storing an "on bass" chord, use the keyboard key buttons to select the bass note
- 5 Press one of the **GROUP SELECT** buttons
- The display returns to the input display
- <Display example (add 9 chord)>



b \ a	1 (Maj)	2 (min)	3 (7)	4 (m7)	5 (M7)	6 (sus4)	7 (dim)
1	Maj	min	7	m7	M7	sus4	dim
2	6	m6	9	m9	M9	7sus4	
3	add9	mM7	13				
4	-5	m-5	7-5	m7-5			
5	+5		7+5				

Setting repeat play

You can mark a specific portion within the sequence for repeat play



For example, in the song configuration shown above, the the following procedure would be used to mark the portion between points A and b so that they are repeated

During chord sequence editing:

- 1 At point A (start point of the repeat 04 1 in this example), press the **REPEAT (START/STOP)** button
-
- 2 At point b (end point of the repeat 06 1 in this example), press the **REPEAT (START/STOP)** button
- Make sure that point b comes after point A in the sequence
 - Point A and point b can be set only at the beginning of a measure, not midway
 - During playback, the section between A and b is repeated
- The measures preceding point A are treated as the **INTRO**, and the measures following point b are treated as the **ENDING**
- The start and end points of the repeat section are respectively shown as "-A-" and "-b-" on the display
 - While "-A-" or "-b-" is showing on the display, it can be erased by pressing the **CLEAR (VARIATION)** button
 - When repeat play is not set, the rhythm is repeated from the point immediately following the intro to the point immediately preceding the ending
 - Repeat cannot be stored in the following cases (a beep will sound)
 - Point b comes before point A in the sequence
 - Point A and/or point b is already stored
 - You attempt to store a repeat in the first measure or while End is showing on the display

■ MIDI bulk dump

The contents of the user memories can be sent and received via the MIDI connection, making it possible to exchange data with another PA100 unit, for example

- For MIDI connections, refer to page 9

<Transmitting>

- 1 In the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section, press the **RHYTHM** button to turn it on
- 2 While pressing the **EDIT** button in the **CHORD SEQUENCE** section, press the **START/STOP** button
 - Transmission begins. During data transmission, "OUT" is shown on the display, this indication is canceled when data transmission is completed

- MIDI data exchange can take place only when the **RHYTHM** of [1] **SOURCE SELECT** is on and the tempo is being displayed
- The data can be received only when the tempo is displayed ("In" appears while data is being received, and disappears when data receiving is finished)
- During data sending and receiving, do not operate either the sending or receiving device. Doing so may interrupt the data transfer
- If data was not successfully received, "Err" appears on the display
- The rhythm does not play during data reception and transmission

NOTES

- If the power is turned off while in the edit mode, the edited contents will be lost
- Data stored in the user memories is retained even when the power to the PA100 is turned off
- If the user memories become full while chords are being stored, "FUL" appears on the display and a beep sound is heard. No more data can be stored

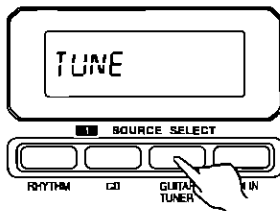
Tuning the guitar

Your PA100 provides two modes that are extremely useful for tuning your guitar. In the auto mode, this unit evaluates the accuracy of the guitar's pitch, in the sound mode, the it outputs a standard tone for tuning

Auto mode

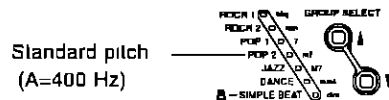
The sound from the guitar is input, and the PA100 automatically evaluates it. The standard pitch used to evaluate the tuning is A=440 Hz, which cannot be changed

- 1 In the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section, press the **GUITAR TUNER** button to turn it on



- 2 On the guitar, connected to the **INPUT 4 GUITAR/MIC** terminal, strum the string you wish to tune

- 3 While watching the auto evaluation result on the **GROUP SELECT** indication, tune the guitar



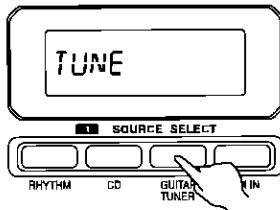
- While the guitar sound is being produced, the evaluation result is displayed. The green indicator is the standard pitch, and the indicators above and below show the degree of deviation from the standard pitch. Adjust the tuning of the guitar so that the green indicator is lit (0 deviation)
- Two indicators may light, showing that the deviation falls somewhere between the two values
- If the result falls outside the evaluation range, the uppermost or lowermost indicator flashes
- If the indicator's light is not steady, use a harmonic tone to facilitate the guitar tuning

- 4 Repeat steps 2 and 3 for the other strings

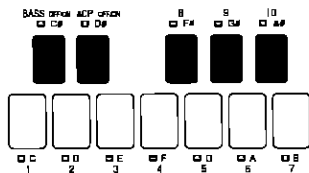
Sound mode

The **PA100** can output a standard tone to use for tuning the guitar

- 1 In the [1] **SOURCE SELECT** section, press the **GUITAR TUNER** button to turn it on



- 2 Turn on the keyboard key button for the pitch you want to tune to



- The standard tone for that pitch will sound
- 3 Tune your guitar to match the tone
 - To discontinue the tone output, press the keyboard key button again to turn it off. The mode will change to the auto mode.
 - The standard tone can be adjusted with the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons (A=430 to 450 Hz). Each tone sounds in the pitch based on the set standard pitch.



- Pressing both buttons at the same time will return the pitch to the standard A=440 Hz.
- The pitch adjustments made here have no effect on the sound generator pitch of the **PA100**. If it is set to other than 440, the rhythm bass and accompaniment tones, etc. and the guitar pitch will not match.
- Changes in the pitch effected with this procedure are not stored. When you exit the **GUITAR TUNER** mode, the standard pitch is reset to 440.

MEMO

- The tuning function can also be used for instruments other than guitar.
- The sound mode and auto mode cannot both be enabled at the same time.

Symptoms which appear to be signs of trouble

The following changes in performance may occur but do not indicate equipment trouble or malfunction

	Phenomenon	Remedy
General	No sound is produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The volume level for the input device is at the minimum setting. Use the INPUT 1 to INPUT 4 controls, or the MASTER VOLUME control, to set the volume to an appropriate level • The volume setting of the connected equipment is set to the minimum level
	The guitar/mic volume is too low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The correct performance mode is not selected. Select the correct input mode (Refer to page 12.)
Guitar/microphone	The guitar does not sound, or the sound is distorted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The volume setting on the guitar is set to the minimum
	Noise is produced when the guitar is connected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When not playing the guitar, turn the guitar volume to the minimum setting
CD	"E" appears on the display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Misoperation. Refer to the Owner's Manual and perform the correct operation
	Performance is not possible. A CD is inserted, but the track number etc. does not appear on the display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is the CD inserted upside down? • Is the CD a non-standard CD? • A severely deformed or scratched CD cannot be played • When the device is suddenly moved from a cold to a warm environment, for example, condensation may form on the lens. Wait for about an hour for the moisture to evaporate before trying again
	A particular section of the CD cannot be played	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the CD is soiled, use a soft cloth to wipe it clean
	The CD sound is interrupted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the input signal from the CD playback volume, the microphone or the guitar is too strong, the CD playback may become unstable. Lower the playback volume

About the backup memory

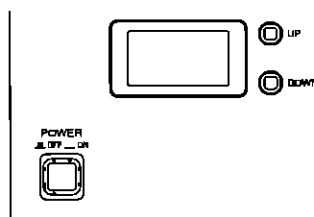
The following settings are maintained even when the power is turned off or the power cord is unplugged

- Panel settings (rhythm group, rhythm number, **VARIATION**, **BASS** and **ACCOMP** on/off status)
- Chord sequence settings for each rhythm (number and transposition status), tempo
- Chord sequence user memory contents
- All other settings are lost when the power to this device is turned off

Initialize

The rhythm and chord sequence settings, and the panel settings can be reset to the factory-preset status

- ⇒ With the power to this device turned off, while pressing the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons at the same time, turn the power on



- If initialization was successful, «Ini» appears on the display

<To initialize all data>

In addition to the above settings, the contents of the chord sequence user memories can also be initialized

- ⇒ With the power turned off, while pressing **BASS OFF/ON** and **10** in the **RHYTHM SELECT** at the same time, turn on the power
- If initialization was successful, "F In" appears on the display

Separately sold option



SZ-P1 Foot Switch

Sound name	Bank MSB	Bank LSB	PC #	Key	No	DRUM KITS	Key	No	DRUM KITS
Piano	32	0	1	C 2	0	---	D#3	63	Conga High
Bright Piano	32	0	2	C# 2	1	---	E3	64	Conga Low
Midi Grand	32	48	2	D 2	2	Electric Snare Drum*	F3	65	Timbales High
Suitcase E P	32	16	5	D#-2	3	Electric Tom Low	F#3	66	Timbales Low
Tremolo E P	32	64	5	E 2	4	Electric Tom Mid	G3	67	----
Modern E P	32	0	6	F-2	5	Electric Tom High	G#3	68	----
Clavi	32	0	8	F# 2	6	----	A3	69	Cabasa
Full Drawbars	32	0	17	G 2	7	----	A#3	70	Maracas
16 & 1	32	8	17	G#-2	8	----	B3	71	---
Jazz Drawbars	32	16	17	A 2	9	----	C4	72	----
Perc Organ	32	0	18	A# 2	10	Brush Swirl*	C#4	73	----
Bossa Guitar	32	28	25	B 2	11	Brush Slap*	D4	74	----
Folk Guitar	32	0	26	C-1	12	----	D#4	75	Claves
Jazz Guitar	32	0	27	C#-1	13	----	E4	76	----
Bright Solid Guitar	32	0	28	D 1	14	----	F4	77	----
Clean Solid Guitar	32	16	28	D# 1	15	---	F#4	78	---
Pop Solid Guitar	32	24	28	E 1	16	Click 1	G4	79	---
Mellow Solid Guitar	32	64	28	F-1	17	Click 2	G#4	80	Triangle Mute
Mute Guitar	32	0	29	F# 1	18	Hi-Hat On-Beat	A4	81	Triangle Open
Distortion Guitar	32	0	31	G-1	19	Hi-Hat Off-Beat	A#4	82	Shaker
Acoustic Bass	32	0	33	G# 1	20	Hi-Hat Accent	B4	83	----
Mellow Ac Bass	32	16	33	A-1	21	Hi-Hat Half Open	C5	84	----
Electric Bass	32	0	34	A# 1	22	---	C#5	85	----
Bright E Bass	32	16	34	B 1	23	---	D5	86	----
Funky E Bass	32	64	34	C0	24	Piccolo Snare	D#5	87	----
Picked E Bass	32	0	35	C#0	25	----	E5	88	----
Mute Bass	32	32	35	D0	26	Finger Snap	F5	89	----
Fretless Bass	32	0	36	D#0	27	----	F#5	90	Samba Drum On Beat
Slap Bass	32	0	38	E0	28	----	G5	91	Samba Drum Off Beat
Basic Synth Bass	32	8	40	F0	29	---	G#5	92	Small Conga High
Analog Bass	32	32	40	F#0	30	---	A5	93	Small Conga Low
House Bass	32	40	40	G0	31	Sticks	A#5	94	Conga Mute On Beat
Sub Bass	32	48	40	G#0	32	Square Click	B5	95	Conga Mute Off-Beat
Strings	32	16	49	A0	33	Matronome Tap	C6	96	Conga Open Slap
Slow Strings	32	0	50	A#0	34	Matronome Bell	C#6	97	Bongo Mute 1
Synth Strings	32	0	51	B0	35	Bass Drum 2	D6	98	Bongo Mute 2
Vocal Och	32	36	53	C1	36	Bass Drum 1	D#6	99	Bongo Mute 3
Analog Brass	32	0	64	C#1	37	Rim Shot	E6	100	Timbales Open High
Basic Squares	32	8	81	D1	38	Snare Drum 1*	F6	101	----
Basic Pulse	32	12	81	D#1	39	Hand Claps*	F#6	102	----
Sine Lead	32	64	81	E1	40	Snare Drum 2*	G6	103	----
Basic Sawtooth	32	8	82	F1	41	Bass Tom Low	G#6	104	Shaker On-Beat
Boys Double Saw	32	48	82	F#1	42	Hi-Hat Closed	A6	105	Shaker Off Beat
PWM Lead 1	32	0	84	G1	43	Bass Tom High	A#6	106	Maracas On Beat
PWM Lead 2	32	0	86	G#1	44	Hi-Hat Pedal	B6	107	Maracas Off-Beat
Softy Pad	32	24	90	A1	45	Low-Tom	C7	108	Tambourine On Beat
Warm Synth Pad	32	32	90	A#1	46	Hi-Hat Open	C#7	109	Tambourine Off Beat
Oldie Pad	32	8	91	B1	47	Mid Tom Low	D7	110	----
Olymp Synth	32	64	91	C2	48	Mid Tom High	D#7	111	Cowbell 1
PWM Pad	32	64	94	C#2	49	Crash Cymbal 1	E7	112	Cowbell 2
Vocal Pad 1	32	32	102	D2	50	High-Tom	F7	113	Cowbell 3
Vocal Pad 2	32	0	96	D#2	51	Ride Cymbal 1	F#7	114	Cowbell 4
Star Theme	32	0	104	E2	52	China Cymbal	G7	115	Cowbell 5
				F2	53	Ride Bell	G#7	116	Cowbell 6
< DRUM KITS >				F#2	54	Tambourine			
Standard Kit 1	38	0	1	G2	55	Splash Cymbal			
Standard Kit 2	38	0	2	G#2	56	Cowbell			
Pop Kit	38	0	4	A2	57	Crash Cymbal 2			
Rock Kit	38	0	10	A#2	58	---			
Power Kit	38	0	17	B2	59	Ride Cymbal 2			
Analog Kit	38	0	26	C3	60	Bongo High			
Jazz Kit	38	0	33	C#3	61	Bongo Low			
Brush Kit	38	0	41	D3	62	Conga Mute Slap			

* The sound may be different depending on the Drum Kit

MIDI Implementation Chart

Personal Music PA System [SY-PA100]

Function		Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default	—	1-16	
	Changed	—	—	
Mode	Default	—	3	OMNI OFF, POLY mode
	Messages	×	×	
	Altered	—	—	
Note Number	True voice	×	0-127	
		—	0-127	
Velocity	Note ON	×	○	
	Note OFF	×	×	
After Touch	Key's	×	×	
	Ch's	×	○	
Pitch Bend		×	○	
Control Change	0,32	×	○	bank select MSB/LSB modulation data entry MSB/LSB volume pan/pol expression sustain reverb chorus RPN LSB/ MSB all sound off reset all controllers
	1	×	○	
	6,38	×	○	
	7	×	○	
	10	×	○	
	11	×	○	
	64	×	○	
	91	×	○	
	93	×	○	
	100,101	×	○	
	120	×	○	
121	×	○		
Prog Change	True #	×	○	
		—	0-127	
System Exclusive		○	○	
System Common	Song Pos	×	×	
	Song Sel	×	×	
	Tune	×	×	
System Real Time	Clock	×	×	
	Commands	×	×	start/stop, continue
Aux Messages	Local ON/OFF	×	×	
	All Notes OFF	×	○	
	Active Sense	×	○	
	Reset	×	×	
Notes		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ When rhythm playback starts, the ch6 to 10 settings switch ▪ If sounds other than the internal sounds are selected, they may not be reproduced 		

Mode 1 OMNI ON, POLY
Mode 3 OMNI OFF, POLY

Mode 2 OMNI ON, MONO
Mode 4 OMNI OFF, MONO

○ Yes
× No

Specifications

SY-PA100	
RHYTHMS	70 RHYTHMS, 50 CHORD SEQUENCES (+50 USER MEMORIES), VARIATION, TEMPO
MIXER	INPUT 4 EQUALIZER, ECHO, OVER DRIVE, INPUT 1, 2, 3 EQUALIZER, INPUT 1, 2, 3, 4 VOLUME MIXER, MASTER VOLUME
GUITAR TUNER	AUTO MODE (A=440 Hz), SOUND MODE (A=430-450 Hz)
TERMINALS	MIDI IN, MIDI OUT, FOOT SW (VARIATION, START/STOP)
INPUT TERMINALS	INPUT 4 (GUITAR/MIC) MONAURAL (M6) INPUT 1 (AUX IN) STEREO (RCA PIN PLUG) INPUT 2, 3 STEREO/MONO (M6)
OUTPUT TERMINALS	PHONES STEREO (M6) LINE OUT 1 STEREO/MONO (M6) LINE OUT 2 STEREO (RCA PIN PLUG)
OUTPUT MAX	WOOFER 30W (EIAJ), FULL RANGE 15W + 15W (EIAJ)
SPEAKERS	WOOFER 14 cm ROUND 8Ω × 1, FULL RANGE 12 cm ROUND 8Ω × 2
POWER SUPPLY	AC 120/220/230-240V 50/60 Hz AC 230-240V, 50/60 Hz (EUROPE, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND) AC 120V, 60 Hz (NORTH AMERICA AND MEXICO)
POWER CONSUMPTION	36 W 75 W (NORTH AMERICA AND MEXICO)
DIMENSIONS (W × H × D)	57.4 cm × 22.4 cm × 30 cm (22-19/32" × 8-13/16" × 11-13/16")
NET WEIGHT	12.5 kg (27.6 lbs)
ACCESSORIES	POWER CORD

- Design and specifications are subject to change without notice

CD PLAYER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	44.1 kHz
	DECODING	16 bit LINEAR
	BEAM SOURCE	SEMICONDUCTOR LASER (WAVELENGTH 780 nm)*
	NO OF CHANNELS	2 CHANNEL, STEREO
	WOW AND FLUTTER	BELOW MEASURABLE LIMIT
	D/A CONVERTER	16 bit DAC

PANASONIC CONSUMER ELECTRONICS COMPANY
DIVISION OF MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC CORPORATION OF AMERICA
One Panasonic Way, Secaucus New Jersey 07094

Printed In Japan

Consumerproducts@Panasonic.com

ENGLISH

M Se060180 QQT0647A